STEREO DISC AMPLIFIER 4

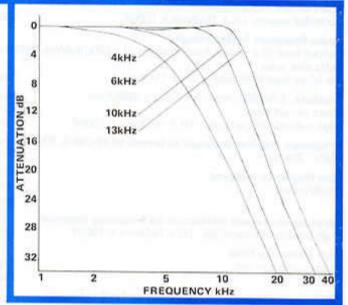
FOR BROADCASTING, DISC MONITORING AND TRANSFER WHEN REPLAY SIGNALS OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY ARE REQUIRED AT LINE LEVEL.



Front panel

Stereo Disc Amplifier 4 supercedes Stereo Disc Amplifier 2 and offers the same facilities but with the addition of a unique high frequency filter. The Response Variable Filter provides, through a single control knob, a 3dB turnover frequency variable between 13 and 4kHz but always with an appropriate roll off characteristic for psychoacoustic considerations.

The unit takes signals directly from a magnetic pick up cartridge and provides equalisation according to the microgroove characteristic. The signals then pass through low frequency filters to remove rumble and then to the low pass filter stages. At the 13kHz setting a 0.4dB ripple Chebyschev characteristic ensures rapid roll off, while at 4kHz, where the ear is sensitive to filters with a high initial slope, a Bessel characteristic is provided. For other settings the filter changes its slope gradually between these two extremes but an ultimate roll off of 18dB/octave is always maintained. This type of filter was



Response variable filter

conceived by D. C. Hamill* and is manufactured under licence. When the control is turned fully anticlockwise there is a CANCEL position where the filter is bypassed completely without introducing any clicks.

The final stages are line amplifiers which provide electronically balanced outputs with a low source impedance. The line amplifiers are protected against mains or static voltages applied to the balanced lines either individually or common mode. Internal pins are provided which may be linked together if mono outputs are required.

Cartridge impedance interaction effects are exceptionally low and the harmonic distortion at all audio frequencies, at normal signal levels, is below the noise. The amplifier has very low levels of static and dynamic intermodulation distortion and low hum levels are achieved by the use of an electrostatically screened and mumetal shrouded mains transformer. Precautions are taken in the input stages to minimise radio frequency interference.

The unit has a front panel power indicator light and power supplies using integrated circuit voltage regulators. Adjustment of sensitivity is provided through holes in the box to allow accurate setting of output levels for the type of cartridge in use. The case is of strong diecast aluminium construction with an attractive, durable blue epoxy finish and all components on the rear panel are clearly identified. Units are soak tested for seven days during manufacture.

Stereo Disc Amplifier 4 has unmatched specifications and each unit comes with a check out sheet showing test results for the main parameters. It meets the IBA requirements for disc amplifying equipment and is used extensively by national broadcasters in the U.K. and overseas. Where only unbalanced outputs are required Stereo Disc Amplifier 3 offers similar specifications and for use with either unit the Moving Coil Preamplifier provides optimum performance from all low impedance cartridges. The May 1981 issue of Studio Sound reviewed the Stereo Disc Amplifier and Moving Coil Preamplifier.

SPECIFICATION

Inputs

Colour coded insulated Phono sockets.

Supply earth ground post.

47kOhms ± 3%, 80pF

Outputs, electronically balanced

XLR 3 pole male, signal polarity non-inverting.

Source impedance

Input impedance

500hms. Withstands mains or static voltages on lines either individually

or common mode.

1kHz at -44dBV.7 (5mV) set for 0dBV.7 output, loaded 600Ohms (Distortion figures are unaffected by high source impedance, 1H + 1kOhms).

Total harmonic distortion

Output +10dBV.7 Output +20dBV.7 30Hz-20kHz below noise -88dB, 0.004% (1kHz

30Hz-20kHz

-82dB, 0.008%

Static intermodulation distortion 50Hz + 7kHz, 4:1

Output +10dBV.7 Output +20dBV.7 -90dB, 0.003% measurement limit

-82dB, 0.008%

Dynamic intermodulation distortion

3.18kHz square wave (single pole -3dB @ 100kHz) + 15kHz sine wave, 4:1. Relative to 15kHz component.

Pre-emphasised input 500mV pk-pk —70dB, 0.03% measurement limit.

Noise

20Hz-20kHz mean reading meter

CCIR468-2 weighting and peak meter

CCIR/ARM reference 2kHz

Short circuit input

Cartridge source, 1H + 1kOhms + 100pF

-71dBV.7 -68dBV.7

-64dBV.7 -56dBV.7

-75dBV.7 —67dBV.7

Radio frequency breakthrough

Output level in a carrier field strength of +100dBµV/m, 84MHz, 100% amplitude modulated with

1kHz sine wave.

1m input lead with source 1H + 1kOhms

Less than -70dBV.7

Crosstalk, CANCEL position, loaded 6000hms

Non linear: Linear:

Below noise, all conditions below clipping

Short circuit input

Linear:

1kHz -70dB; 30Hz -20kHz -50dB 1kHz -60dB; 30Hz -20kHz -40dB

High inductance cartridge, 1H + 1kOhms + 100pF

Frequency response accuracy to inverse of IEC98-4, RIAA recording characteristic

Within 0.5dB

Low frequency response

18dB/octave

30Hz - 20kHz

—3dB @ 23Hz, 20Hz and below exceeds IEC98-4 replay

CANCEL, or 0.4dB ripple Chebyschev at 13kHz

changing to Bessel at 4kHz (-3dB points)

requirements

Cartridge impedance interaction on frequency response

High inductance cartridge, 1H + 1kOhms + 100pF

Less than 0.2dB

High frequency filter Front panel control

Differential phase shift between left and right channels

50Hz - 20kHz

Within 0.50

Worst error at LF and HF filter turnovers

Within 50

Clipping at 1kHz

+24dBV.7

Clipping point complementary to IEC98-4 recording characteristic

30Hz - 20kHz

Within 1dB

Clipping determined by onset of peaky distortion products or THD exceeding -80dB.

Sensitivity at 1kHz

2.6-15mV (-49 - -34dBV.7) for 0dBV.7 output, adjustable

Supply input

IEC connector, 90-120V or 200-250V 50-60Hz 10VA

Safety

Complies with IEC65-2, BS415

W190mm, H70mm, D190mm; 1.6kg Dimensions and weight

2.5 metres supply lead to BS6500 with IEC connector supplied along with instructions and servicing details.

*Wireless World, August 1981, p59-64.

Rear panel



The Forge, Lucks Green, CRANLEIGH, Surrey GU6 7BG. England.

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